

Populations evolve over time, **not** individuals.

CHAPTER 16.2: EVOLUTION AS GENETIC CHANGE

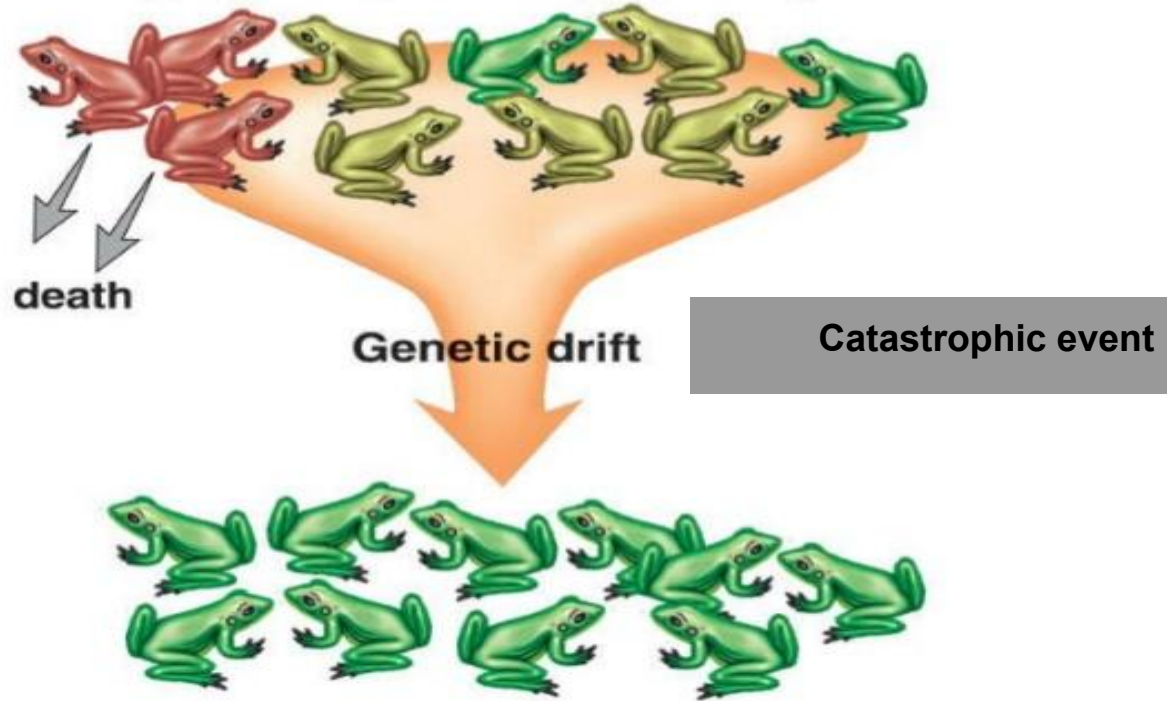
Natural selection never acts directly on genes,
only on whole organisms



Circumstances that can affect allele frequency by **chance**:

Genetic Drift:

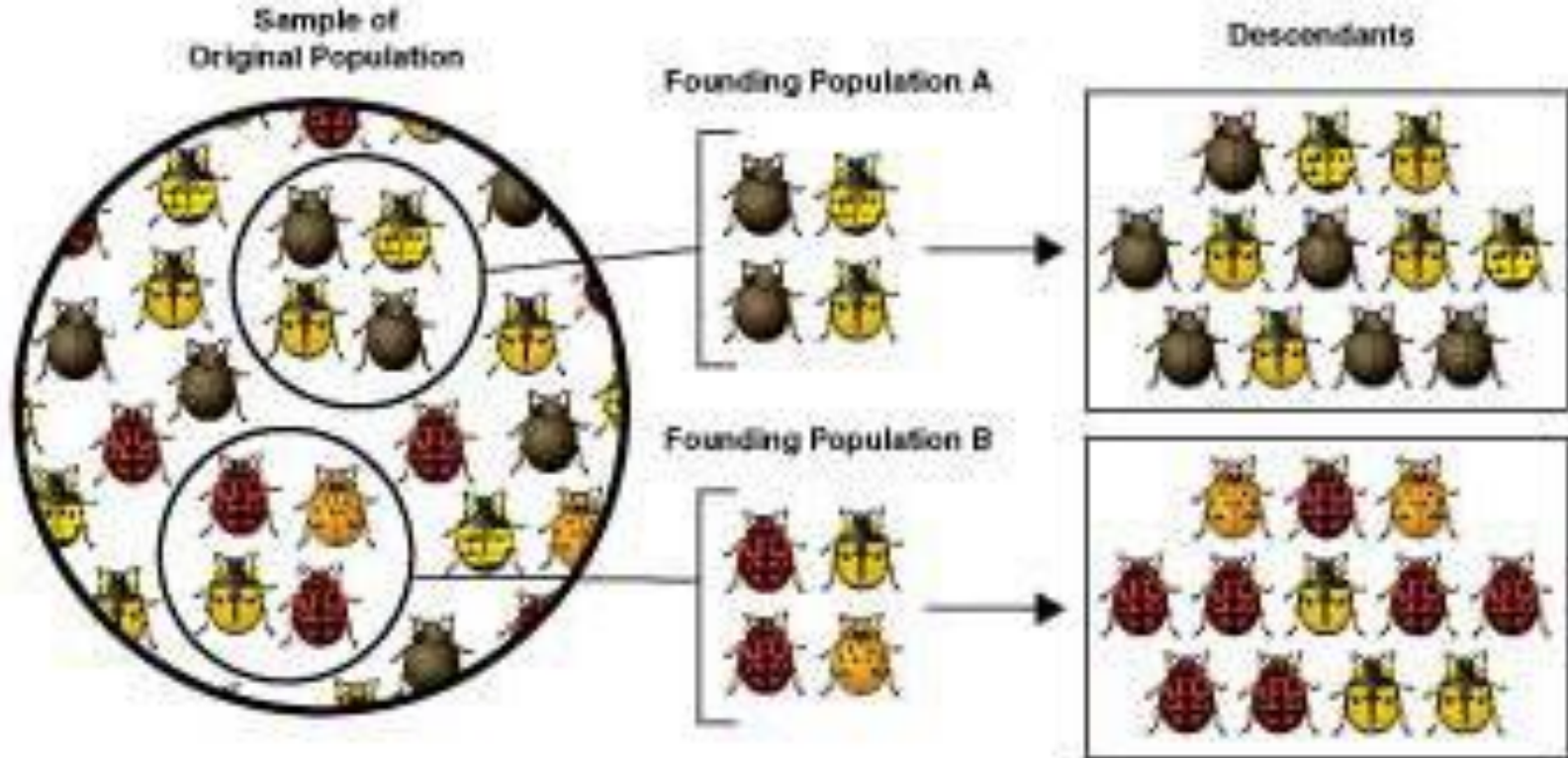
changes in allele frequency of a small population due to a random event.



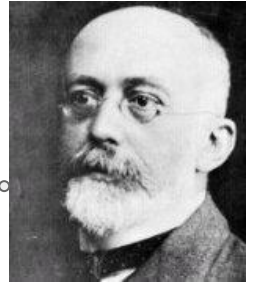
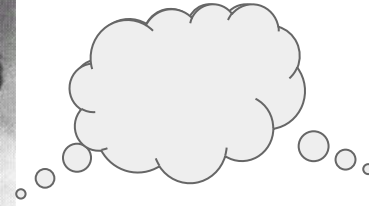
1. The **Bottleneck effect** occurs when a population's size dramatically decreases and certain alleles are wiped out of the population.
 - creates lack in genetic variation.



2. **Founder effect** occurs if a small group of individuals colonize a new habitat



HARDY-WEINBERG EQUILIBRIUM



What happens when *no change* in allele frequencies takes place?

Evolution will NOT occur, if there is no change in allele frequencies

Hardy weinberg principle:

allele frequencies will remain constant unless one or more factors cause frequencies to change.