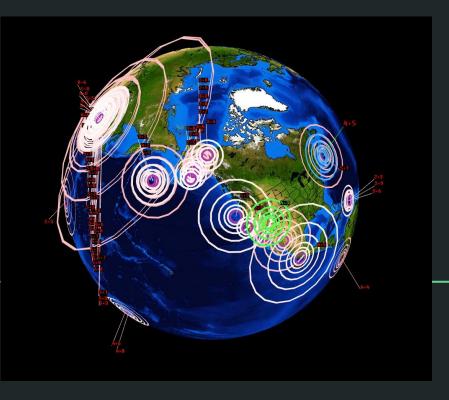
Earthquakes

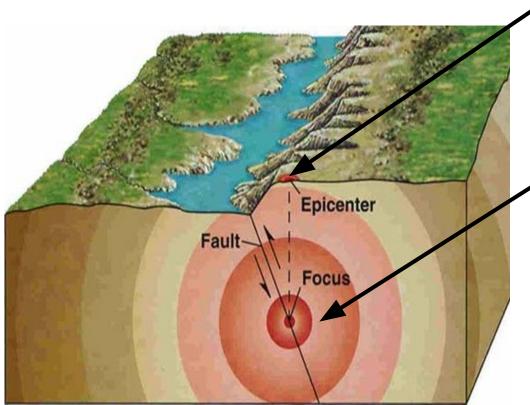
Chapter 8



Chapter 8.1: What is an Earthquake?

Earthquake: the vibration of Earth produced by the rapid release of energy, often a result of slippage along a break in Earth's crust.





Epicenter: the place on the Earth's surface where the earthquake is located

Focus: The point within the Earth where the earthquake starts

Faults: large fractures in the crust where movement occurs



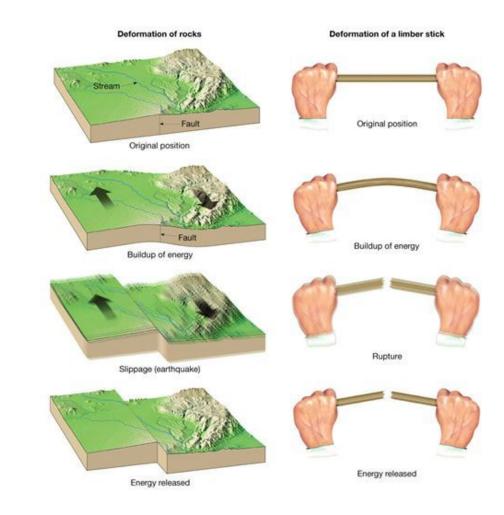
- A hypothesis was developed which stated:
- forces within the Earth cause rock to bend and release *elastic energy*.

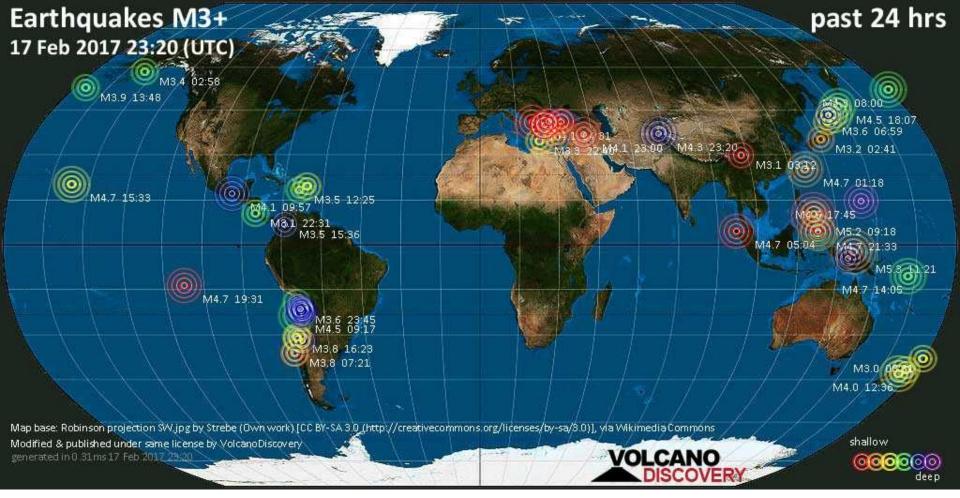
Elastic rebound hypothesis:

if the stress placed upon crustal rocks exceeds the strength of the rock, the rock will break releasing elastic energy and send out vibrations.

Aftershocks: movements that follow major earthquakes

Foreshocks: movements that precede a major earthquakes





Live Earthquake Map- USGS