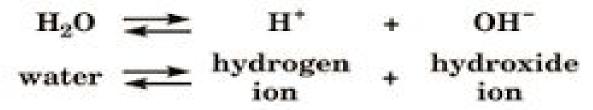
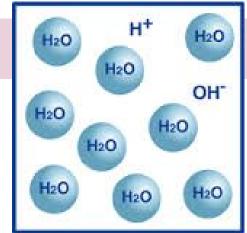
Acids, Bases, and pH

Water molecules can <u>react</u> to form <u>ions</u>.

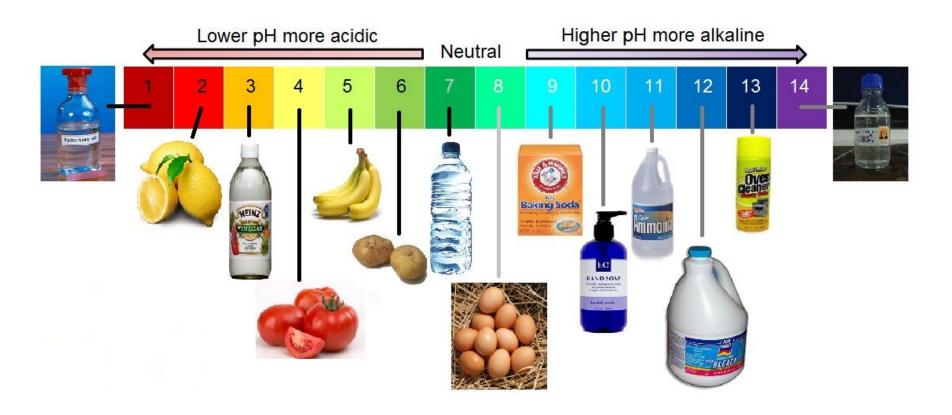
<u>lon</u>: an <u>atom</u> with a net electric <u>charge</u>





About 1 molecule in 550 million reacts to forms ions.

The **pH scale** is used to indicate the concentration of $H\square$ ions in a solution.



Acid : any compound that forms $H \square$ ions in a solution.	pH 0	Battery Acid
	pH 1	Stomach Acid
Acidic solutions have <u>higher</u> concentrations of H□ ions than pure water and have pH value <u>below</u> 7.	pH 2	Lemon Juice, Vinegar
	pH 3	Orange Juice, Soda, Some Dental Rinses
	pH 4	Tomato Juice, Beer
	pH 5	Black Coffee
Base: a compound that produces hydroxide ions	pH 6	Saliva, Cow's Milk
(OH ⁻ ions) in solution.	pH 7	Pure Water
	pH 8	Sea Water, pH-Neutralizing Dental Rinses

Basic or **alkaline** solutions contain \underline{lower} concentrations of $H \square$ ions than pure water and have pH values \underline{above} 7.

Baking Soda
Antacids
Antacids, Dental Treatment Rinses

Soapy Water

pH9

pH 10

pH 11

pH 12